

Why?

Shielding the pelvis and abdomen can obscure anatomy.





Most procedures require a low amount of radiation.

ASRT supports gonadal and fetal shielding when shielding:

- is safe and appropriate.
- reduces excess radiation exposure.
- increases patient comfort and confidence.

And the NCRP Agrees

The NCRP recommends ending routine gonadal shielding during abdominal and pelvic radiography because:



- The risks of genetic effects are lower than previously estimated.
- Improvements in technology have reduced absorbed dose to pelvic organs.
- Shielding can interfere with automatic exposure control (AEC).
- Gonadal shielding may obscure important findings.
- It is difficult to accurately shield the gonads in certain exams.
- A significant portion of dose to the ovaries is delivered by internally scattered x-rays that can't be blocked by shielding.

using shielding to protect

This change does not affect shielding for occupational exposure. You should continue yourself and other staff.





